

Archer

VIVID™ – Acoustic listening platform



- Patented ultra-high sensitivity acoustic technology
- Broadest frequency bandwidth and amplitude of acoustic energy with industryleading sensitivity
- Detects, investigates and describes leaks that negatively affect the performance of oil and gas wells
- Accurately locates even the lowest energy leaks, verifying cement barrier seals and characterizing downhole events with unparalleled precision
- VIVID[™] acoustic listening platform detects leaks that were previously undetectable and provides you with the clearest answers where other technologies fail

If it's there, we'll detect it

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VIVID™ – Tool specifications



VIVID™ – Acoustic listening platform



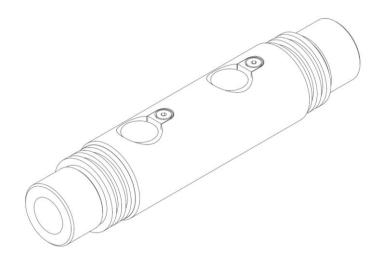
Tool specifications

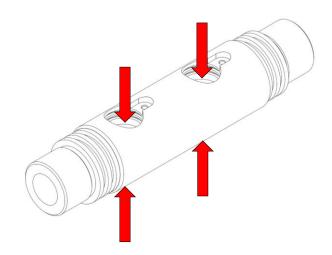
- Sensors:
 - 2 passive acoustic sensors
 - <1 656 kHz frequency range
- Operational:
 - Dynamic and stationary logging
 - Real-time and memory
- Physical
 - 1 11/16" OD
 - 29" length
 - 4.9 kg weight
- Environmental
 - 177 degC / 350 degF max temperature
 - 15000 psi max pressure





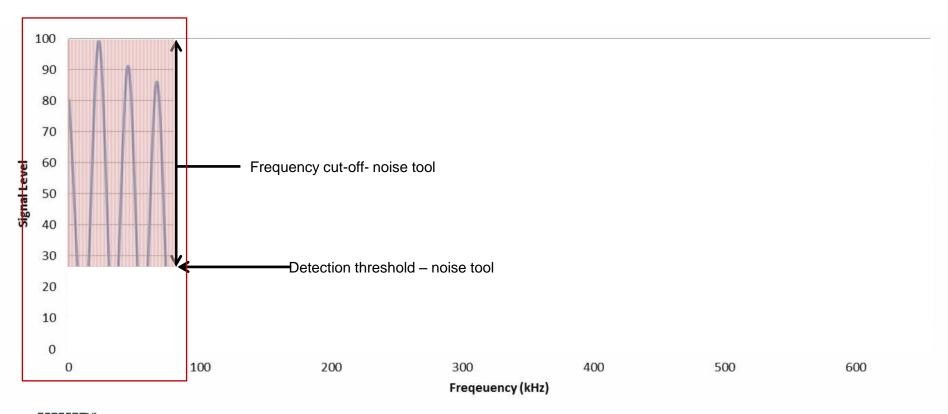
- Two sensors give optimum response across the entire frequency spectrum
- The sensors are integrated with the tool housing by means of a patented pressure-balanced insertion assembly.
- Removing the need for an oil filled pressure compensation system means the acoustic window is in direct contact with well fluid, giving proven industry leading sensitivity





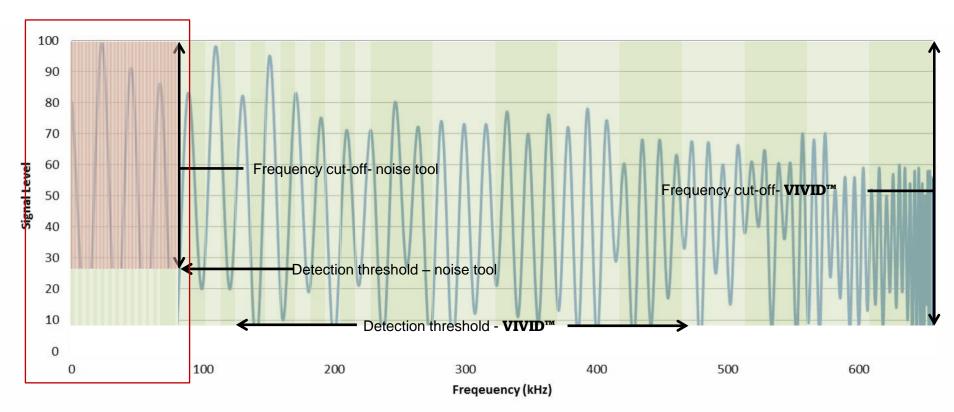


- Full spectrum acoustic signal from low frequency to ultrasonic levels
- Conventional tools are sensitive to only part of the spectrum
- Much of the information is missed



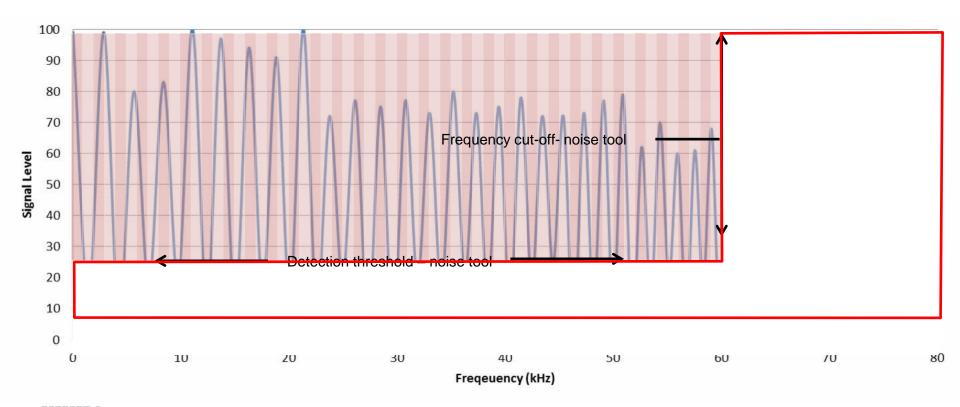


 Extremely low detection threshold and broadband response from VIVID™ gives the full picture



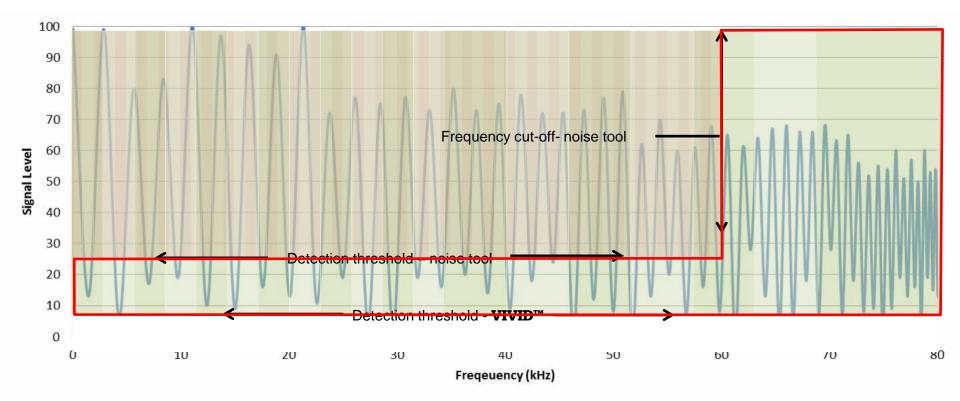


- Limited spectrum up to around 80 kHz
- Conventional tool response overlooking low energy signals





- Limited spectrum up to around 80 kHz
- VIVID[™] response
- Previously hidden information now revealed by VIVID™ regardless of the number of channels recorded





- Casing and completion evaluation
- Cement performance evaluation

Turbulent flow analysis

Sand control evaluation

Section 1

VIVID[™] – Casing and completion evaluation

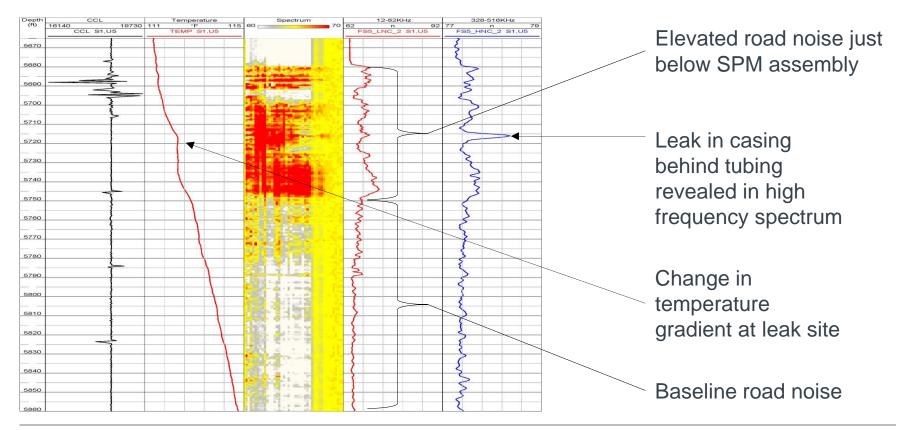
- 1. Road noise suppression
- 2. Shallow leak location in presence of surface noise
- 3. Characterised leak responses in gas and water
- 4. Gas bubble flow characterisation
- 5. Gas migration behind multiple casing strings
- 6. Identification of cross flow between perforations

VIVID™ – casing and completion evaluation



Road noise suppression

A log is run dynamically inside tubing to locate a leak in the production casing Road noise significantly increased while approaching an SPM Selectively filtering the VIVID™ response rejects road noise and reveals the casing leak location





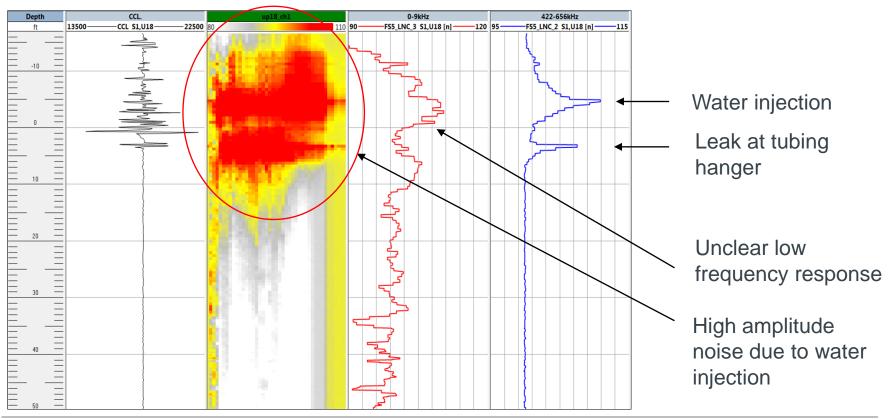
Shallow leak pinpointed despite the presence of surface noise

Consider a well which only leaks under sustained fluid injection

The flow noise caused by injection at surface is extensive and broad spectrum

Low to mid frequency response is unclear, flow noise masking any leak signature

High frequency ultrasound reveals the exact location of the leak, and the injection point





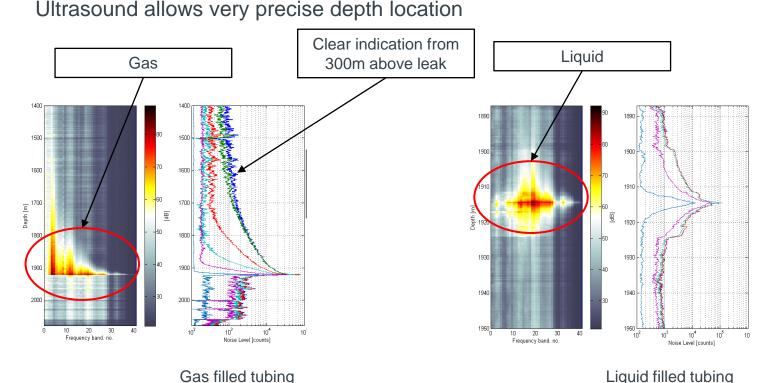
Sharp vertical resolution regardless of well fluid

Broadband sampling of data allows full characterisation of leaks

Logging down in gas at 40m/min past a leak

After filling the tubing with water, the leak is still active

VIVID™ broadband frequency reveals characteristic signatures to allow fluid typing



VIVID^{**}



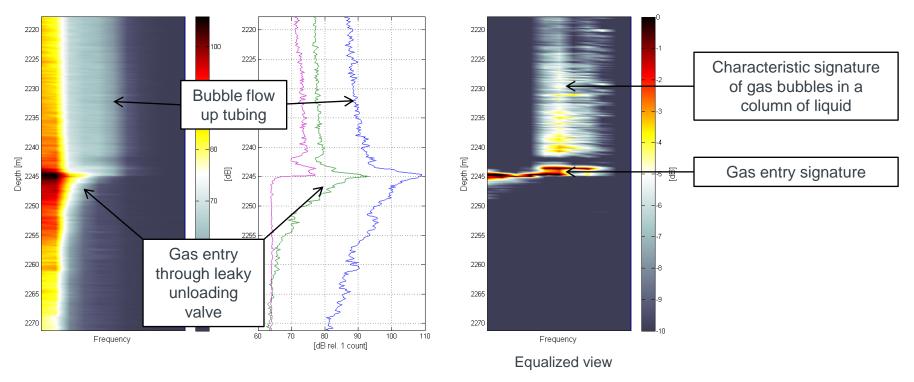
Gas movement characterisation

VIVID™ detects characteristic 'fizz' of gas bubbles moving through liquid

The broadband response captures not only the gas entry point...

...but also the subsequent movement

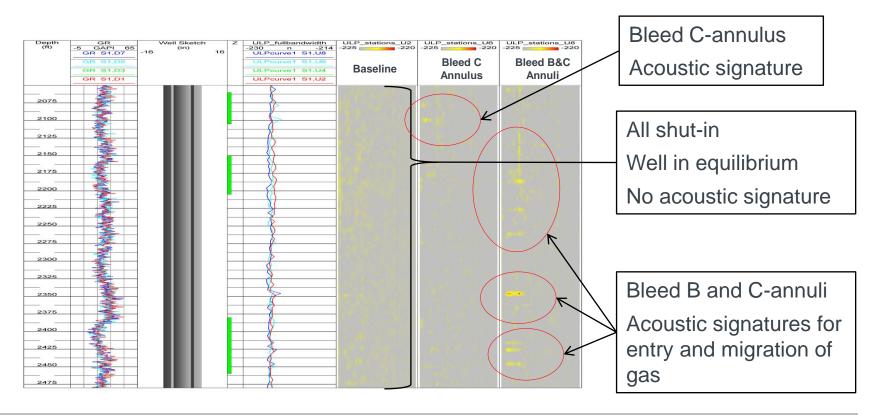
Applying simple bandwidth equalization reveals the signature of gas entry into liquid filled tubing





Gas migration behind multiple casing strings

Slowly building C-annulus pressure, conventional technology cannot identify the source High sensitivity **VIVID™** technology deployed in a carefully planned intervention Energy comparison between different well states enables mapping of the gas migration Previously undetectable SAP flowpath and charging source revealed



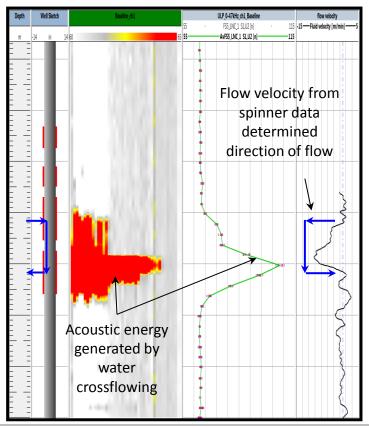


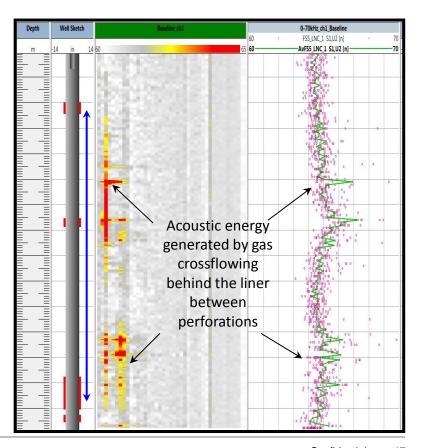
Cross flow identification between perforations

With the well shut in, a survey can identify crossflow in the wellbore

Where there is crossflow behind a liner or casing, there is no indication in the wellbore

VIVID™ detects acoustic energy generated by fluid movement behind the liner





Section 2

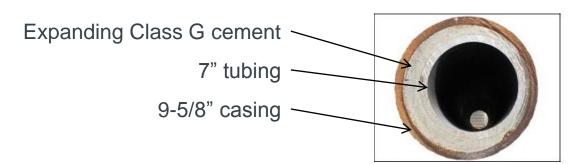
VIVID[™] – Cement performance evaluation

- 1. Fluid flow through a cemented annulus
- 2. Water flow through "Good" cement
- 3. Water flow in a micro-annulus
- 4. Minimum flow verification gas

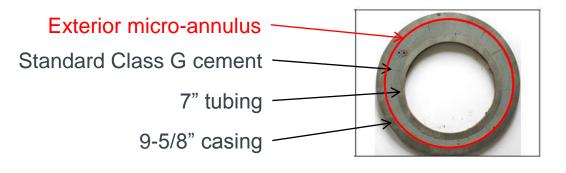


Fluid flow in a cemented annulus

Conventional bond tools evaluate only cement condition, not cement performance Test cells made up from 7" tubing cemented inside 9-5/8" casing to test response



Good Cement



Cement with micro-annulus

The expanding cement test cell shows as good cement with any conventional bond tool But the micro-annulus case will also show as good cement

VIVID™ detects flow through the cement, even at very low rates, regardless of the bond



Flow through "good" cement

Test cell cemented and cured under controlled conditions - "as good as it gets"

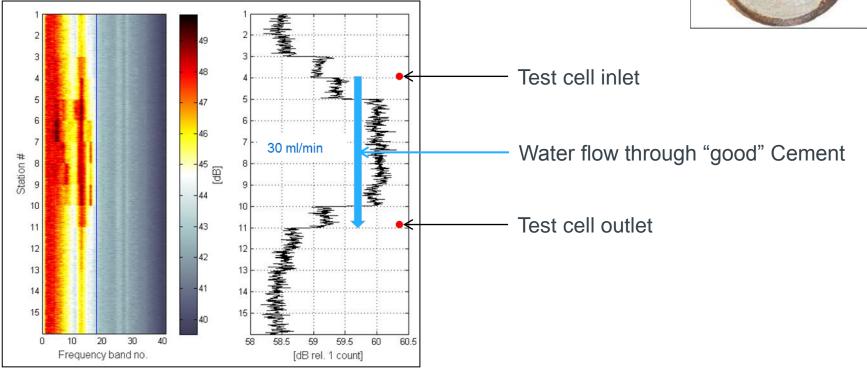
Water pumped into the cemented annulus

A series of stationary measurements 25cm apart recorded

Water flow as low as 30 ml/min detected, even in "good" cement

Fully transparent data and processing – evident in real-time







Flow through "good" cement

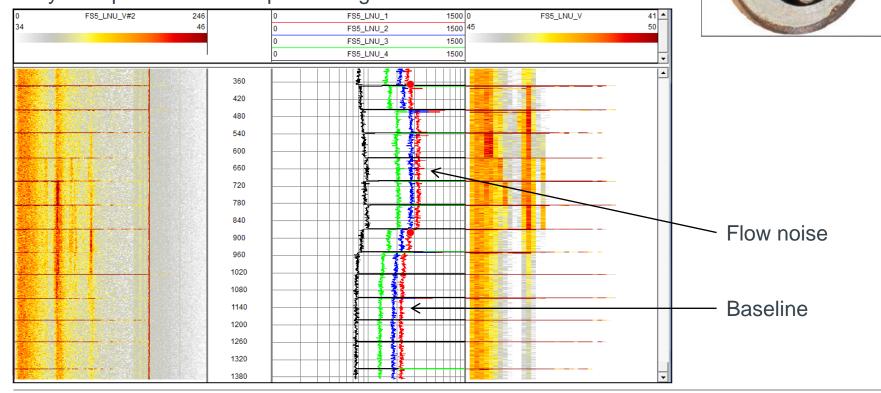
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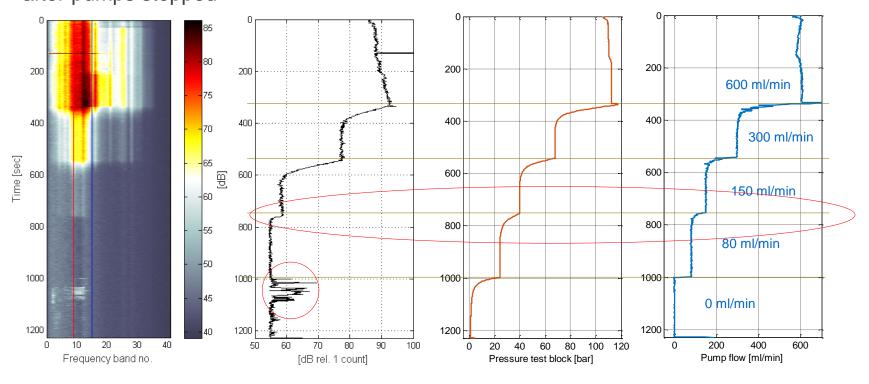


Flow through micro-annulus

Test cell cemented, with an effective micro-annulus of 56µm Water flow-rate reduced in stages from 620ml/min Flow still detected down to 80ml/min

VIVID™ detects transient noise behaviour as pressure reduces after pumps stopped







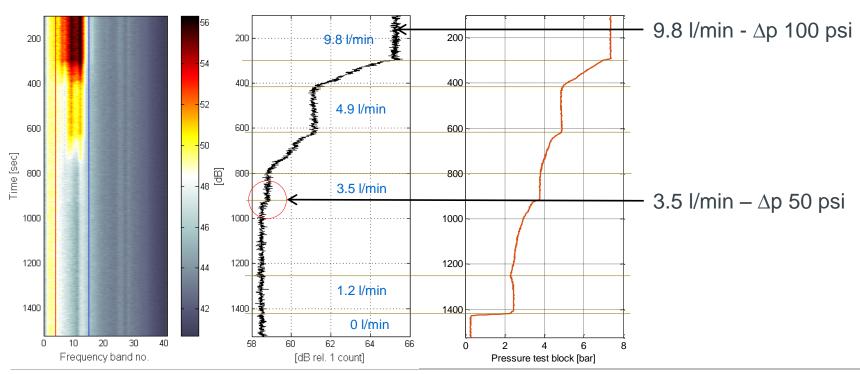
Minimum flow verification - Gas

Test cell cemented, with an effective micro-annulus of 56 μ m Gas pumped into annulus at low pressure – maximum Δp 100 psi Gas flow-rate reduced in stages from 9.8 l/min



Flow detected down to less than 3.5 l/min at a differential of only 50 psi

VIVID™ can detect and map even very low rate gas migration



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Section 3 VIVID™ – Turbulent flow analysis

1. Turbulence mapping

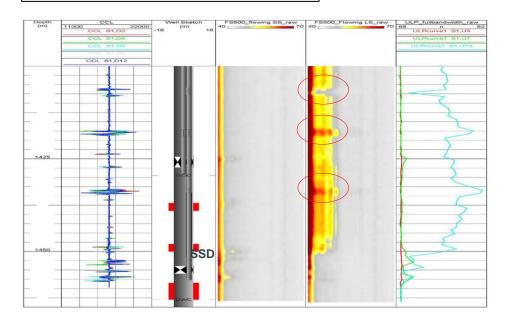
VIVID™ – Turbulent flow analysis



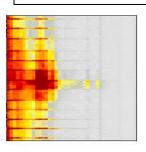
Turbulence through well completion may be mapped by logging while flowing. Turbulence log supplements PLT data, supports differentiation from leaks and may have applications in high rate wells with erosion

Full broadband spectrum and sensitivity support production flow characterization Example of turbulence mapping while flowing the long string in a dual completion well.

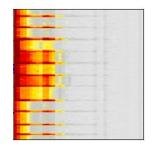
Turbulence in flowing Long String



High rate injection well. Same ΔP between tubing and casing



Leak sound spectrum



Safety valve sound spectrum

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Section 4 VIVID[™] – Sand control evaluation

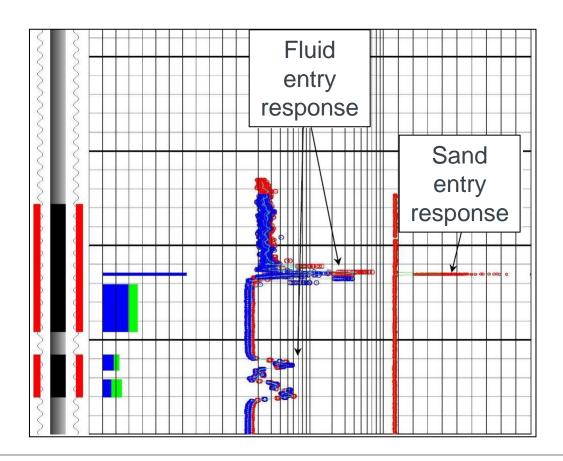
1. Sand control evaluation

VIVID™ – Sand control evaluation



We are working on several application for the **VIVID**[™] - Acoustic logging platform within the sand control evaluation arena.

The **VIVID™** broadband response enables signal discrimination and characterization





Our ultra-high sensitivity sensors and patented integration enable us to characterize downhole events and provide you with clear, documented evidence that you are addressing safety and regulatory requirements in both the operational and P&A phases of your well's lifecycle.

If it's there, we'll detect it.



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